

SOCIOLOGY TRANSFER ASSURANCE GUIDE (TAG)

January 2, 2008

Ohio Transfer Module:		
Ohio Transfer Module (OTM) Requirements: 36-40 semester hours / 54-60 quarter hours. Students should select courses within the OTM that complement the selected major and meet any specific general education requirements. Students are encouraged to complete the OTM to ensure maximum transferability and application of credit.		
Required Disciplines	Minimum Required Hours	Recommended Courses
Area I. English Composition Area II. Mathematics Area III. Arts & Humanities Area IV. Social Sciences Area V. Natural & Physical Science	3 sem. / 5-6 qtr. 3 sem. / 3 qtr. 6 sem. / 9 qtr. 6 sem. / 9 qtr. 6 sem. / 9 qtr.	Statistics Introduction to Sociology(Prerequisite)
Additional courses beyond the minimum required hours, from any of the disciplines listed above, will count toward the completion of the OTM (36-40 semester hours or 54-60 quarter hours).		
Foreign Language - Demonstrate competencies through the 200 level. Credits: Up to 16 semester hours / 24 quarter hours.		
Major Courses– Hours/courses listed below that count toward the major or pre-major requirements.		
a. Marriage & Family – OSS023		Credits: 3 semester hours / 3-5 quarter hours
Advising Notes: Prerequisite: Introduction to Sociology		
b. Race and Ethnicity – OSS024		Credits: 3 semester hours / 3-5 quarter hours
Advising Notes: Prerequisite: Introduction to Sociology		
c. Social Problems – OSS025		Credits: 3 semester hours / 3-5 quarter hours
Advising Notes: Prerequisite: Introduction to Sociology		
Transfer Assurance Guides Total Guaranteed Credits (Range)		
• Ohio Transfer Module	36 – 40 sem.	54 – 60 qtr.
• Foreign Language	0 – 16 sem.	0 – 24 qtr.
• Pre-major / Major	0 – 9 sem.	0 – 9 to 15 qtr.

Institutional Requirements: For entrance and graduation, a transfer student must meet all institutional requirements which would include, but may not be limited to: minimum grade point average, residency requirements, upper division credits attained, minimum grades in specific courses, performance requirements (ex. dance, music) and other requirements of native students from the same institution.

OSS021 - INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY
3 Semester Hours/3-5 Quarter Hours

Related TAGs: Geography, Sociology

Advising Notes: For guaranteed transfer and application of other sociology TAG courses, this course will be a prerequisite required at receiving institution before the other sociology courses can be applied to the major.

Outcomes marked with an asterisk are essential and must be taught.

Students should be able to demonstrate an understanding of:

- 1. The sociological perspective, the theoretical foundations (Functionalism, Conflict, and Symbolic Interactionism), and the contributions of major theorists to the development of these perspectives, ***
- 2. The ways in which sociologists gather, interpret, and evaluate data, including both quantitative and qualitative methodologies,***
- 3. The components of culture and their impact on shaping human behavior and world view.***
- 4. The elements of social structure and the organization of society***
5. The major theories of crime, deviance, and systems of social control.
6. Systems of stratification, including global inequality, racial stratification, social class, and gender stratification.
7. The major social institutions, such as marriage and the family, religion, politics, the economy, health care, and/or education.
8. Additional topics such as population, urbanization, the environment, and, war/terrorism, and major theories of social change.

OSS023 - MARRIAGE & FAMILY
3 Semester Hours/3-5 Quarter Hours
Prerequisite: Introduction to Sociology

Related TAGs: Sociology

Outcomes marked with an asterisk are essential and must be taught.

Students should be able to demonstrate an understanding of:

- 1. The major theoretical perspectives as they relate to marriage and the family, including Functionalism, Conflict Theory, and Symbolic Interactionism.***
2. The Socio-historical evolution of family forms and processes contributing to change in form over time,
3. The interaction between work and family,
- 4. The causes and consequences of diversity in family form such as cohabitation, marriage, child-bearing, divorce, and remarriage.***
5. The causes and consequences of family violence and/or crisis
6. The role of family and family practices in child socialization,
- 7. Causes and consequences of the social meanings given to gender and sexual orientation in families.***
- 8. The role of social structure, governmental policy, and systems of inequality on family form and dynamics.***

OSS024 - RACE AND ETHNICITY
3 Semester Hours/3-5 Quarter Hours
Prerequisite: Introduction to Sociology

Related TAGs: Sociology

Learning Outcomes:

Outcomes marked with an asterisk are essential and must be taught.

Students should be able to demonstrate an understanding of:

- 1. The distinction between difference and inequality.***
- 2. The social construction of inequality by race and ethnicity.***
- 3. The sociological perspective and theories of racial and ethnic group relationships in the United States.***
4. The similarities and differences in the experiences of selected racial and ethnic groups in the United States.
5. The nature of societal reactions to racial and ethnic diversity.
6. Analysis of stereotypes, images, prejudices, and behaviors regarding racial and ethnic groups.
- 7. The social, economic, and political implications of changing national and global demographics.***

OSS025 - SOCIAL PROBLEMS

3 Semester Hours/3-5 Quarter Hours

Prerequisite: Introduction to Sociology

Related TAGs: Sociology

Outcomes marked with an asterisk are essential and must be taught.

Students should be able to demonstrate an understanding of:

- 1. The process through which social problems are identified, legitimized, and addressed.***
- 2. How the major theoretical perspectives and the scientific method are used to evaluate and analyze social problems, develop proposals for addressing social problems, and compare and contrast specific social problems in cross-cultural context.***
3. The effects of social structure and culture on social policy and the role of social policy in resolving, or exacerbating, social problems.
- 4. The impact of social structure in generating social problems, such as structures of inequality, the political system, and the economy.***
5. The role of social movements in constructing and/or resolving social problems.

SOCIOLOGY TAG – FACULTY PARTICIPANTS

Name	Institution
Crystal Bossard	Cincinnati State Technical and Community College
Teresa LaGrange	Cleveland State University
Mary Reiter	Columbus State Community College
Paul Bellair	Ohio State University (The)
Bob Shelly	Ohio University
Denise Shuster	Owens Community College
Doug Peck	Stark State College of Technology
Norma Fletcher	Wright State University
Roy Dombrowski	Zane State College